Dear Reader,

When you go to the doctor for a checkup, you’re likely to have your blood drawn and your temperature and blood pressure taken—and that’s if you’re completely healthy. If you’re sick, you may be subjected to an MRI, a CAT scan, an EKG, a biopsy, or other tests. Measurement is an essential part of medical diagnosis.

There is one major exception to this rule: mental health. A psychiatrist is likely to ask a new patient questions about her mental state, but not to use data generated by means beyond what the patient says. This is embedded custom, but it doesn’t have to be. There are new ways to get information about people’s mental health through measurement, as there are with other aspects of their health.

In Reading Our Minds, Dr. Daniel Barron, a brilliant young psychiatrist, lays out a number of ways of measuring mental health, none of which was available a generation ago. Doctors can track patients’ behavior online, which often tells a different story than the one they volunteer. They can use sensors to track patients’ movements. They can use artificial intelligence to analyze speech patterns. They can measure brain activity. Barron lucidly describes the experiments that cutting-edge, technologically oriented psychiatrists are using to explore these and other new techniques.

Barron’s account of what is now possible in psychiatry is fascinating, fresh, and compelling. His argument in favor of using new diagnostic tools will not persuade everyone. Surely there will be debates about whether and how to use them. Reading our Minds opens up a new frontier, which we can now begin to explore.

Sincerely,

Nicholas Lemann